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# INSTRUCTIONS

For Captains of Vessels Navigating Between the Kar Gite Strait and the Port of Imarka on the River Yenisei

# 1. General Regulations

- l. Before sailing for Igarka the compasses, electric or mechanical sounding apparatus also patent log must be in good working order. Special attention must be paid to adjusting of compasses. The Captain of a vessel proceeding to Igarka from the west through the Kara Gate Strait and back, is supplied by the Charterer with Soviet Nautical Charts Nos. 695, 696, 697, 698, with River Chart No. 945 sheets 1 to 6 and with the Book of Lights, Beacons and Radio Beacons of the region Kara Gate-Yanisei corrected according to the latest Nos. of Notifications to Navigators. The Captain navigating in the above-mentioned region must observe the regulations laid down in these instructions and follow the directions of the River Pilot concerning the sailing of the vessel along the fairway of the river.
- 2. The Captain of the vossel approaching the Kara Gate Strait from the west, informs the Agency of the Kara Ice Operations 24 hours before approaching the Strait and eveits their instructions as to the time of either entering the Kara Sea, or as to the place where he is to await improving of the ice situation, or as to the place where he is to meet the ice-breaker.
- keep the Agency of the Kara Ice Operations informed about the proceeding of his vessel, availing himself for that purpose of the services of the nearest radiostations (at Amderma or Dixon). The position of the vessel, the weather and sea conditions must be reported to the agency twice every day, at 3.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. Moscow time. We draw your particular attention to duly performance of this requirement. No charges are imposed by the radiostations for the above information.
- 4. In the event of encountering ice, the Captain of the vessel immediately notifies the Agency of the Kara Ice Operations, indicating the position of the vessel and the weather and sea conditions.
- the limits of fair navigation practice and in consideration of cailing in ive conditions, with sufficient supplies of vessel equipment and stores, as well as with the necessary supplies of special emergency equipment (wooden girders, bolts, quick-setting cement, mats, cakum, plasters, etc.). No above materials are obtainable invihere in the region of the Kara Sea. All drainage facilities must be in good order and in constant readiness for action. The vessel must be also provided with sufficient provisions for 60 days and sufficient bunkers as per our order taking into account that no bunkers are available in Igarka or on the way to after passing surmansk.
- 6. All requests for ice-breaker assistance to help the vestsel through the ice must be addressed by the Captain to the Agency of Kara Ice Operations.

- 7. Any vessel in need of ice-breaker assistance through the ice must await instructions as to her movements from the Agency of Kara Ice Operations.
- 8. Havin encountered is the Captain of the vessel must adapt all necessary precautions, so as not to lamage the cell of the vessel and especially the steering gear and the screen, and occurring his nachinery through the ice.

### . It is also to be coastved, that:

- u) the vessel should enter ice from "clear water" moving of "the lowest spead" and at normal (perpendicular) angle to the edre of the ice.
- c) should any damage of leakage be sustained by the vessel in the ice, immediate measures must be taken by the Captain to liquidate the damage or leakage and actice by radio must be sent to the nearest icebreaker and to the Agency of Kard Ice Cvertions.
- 9. The Captain of the wessel must keep in mind that the ice-breaker can arrive at the place of the vessel location within 48 hours after the Captain's regiget for icebreaker assistance had been sent to the Agency of Kara Ice Operations. If in the opinion of the Agency the ice citation is not one of emergency, a plane may be sent to investigate the ice zone and then the Agency will advise the vessel to proceed without aid to "clear water or to move to another region mana favourable from the point of vie of ice conditions.
- IO. Along the Yenisel Bay, sea-going versels independently proceed to the anchorage of the river-pilot vessel in the estuar. of the Yenisel River and back out of the river.
- 11. The Captain of the vessel sailing to Tgarka and back must take all necessary steps to organize in the best manner his sailing. manoeuvring in the ice and during storms, during invisibility and fogs, and to protect his vessel and cargo from danger.

### II. NAVIGATION ANIEST ICE AND IN CARAVANS (CONVOY)

- 12. The Captain of the vessel entering the lead of the icebreaker, must obey the orders of the Captain of the icebreaker concerning navigation anidat ice and act accordingly. He is duty-bound to help the Captain of the icebreaker to effect a rapid and averageless passage through the ice zone.
- 13. Vessels following the icebreaker or moving in groups (caravans) must not get ahead of one another.
- 14. Vessels following the icebreaker must be prepared immediately to take up the command "Full Speed Astern" and to maintain the position "Bear Steady" when beginning to move backward.

governed by the following sound signals (see "Table" below) given either by a whistle or a siren. All signals, with the exception of signal No. 6, must be repeated by the vessels directly following the icebreaker in succession beginning with the one nearest to the icebreaker or to the vessel lesuing the signal.

The demands of the icobreaker expressed by these signals must be immediately carried out by the vessels.

The signals indicated in the "Table" are also used during group navigation of vessels in carevans and the Table must, therefore, be hung up on the bridge and in the Chart room, giving easy access to it of the Captain's weld have and enabling him to carry out the required manoeuvres without delay.

TABLE OF SOUND SIGNALS USED TURING CONVOYING VESSILS

No.of sig- Signal nal from escorting icebreaker  Coing forward, my wake,  Slow down your full speed aster	1copleager.
from escorting icebreaker  1 Going forward, finy wake,  2 Slow down your	ollow in Going forward following icebreaker
my wake.  2 Slow down your	icebreaker
Z Full sheed aster	speed Slowing down
Jes e e runn become ander	Going full speed astern
4 Do not follow to	stop Stopping
5 Attention Jamma	d in ite . Attention, jammed in ice
6 Be ready to acc	ept toy. Ready to take tow
If vessel is al. tow, then "Release	Deleasing tow"
7 Forward Follow	channel Going forward following channel.
8 Cut short inter	Cutting interval
9 Follow the dest	ination Following to destination
IO Listen to radio	
11 Attention. Watch	simals Attention, watching signa
12 Come to anchor	
13 Stop work till or until more for conditions. Dur	avourable The stops
and until resum work means "get	medy"

- NOTE: 1. The sound signals for passing clear of each other in the ice, are the same as in "The Rules for Preventing Collisions of Vessels on Sea": one short sound meens: "changing my course to the right"; two short sounds signify: "changing my course to the left"; three short sounds "my machinery is working astern".
- 2. When sailing during fog, mist, or snowstorm, sound signals provided by Article 15 of "Rules for Preventing Collisions of Vessels on Sea", are to be implied.
- 5. The leading icebreaker is the icebreaker sailing in front of one or of several vessels.
- 4. A line indicates a "prolonged sound", a dot stands for "a short sound" (see "Rules of International Code" or "Rules for Preventing Collisions of Wessels on Sea").
- 5. In group work of several icebreakers the Master ice-breaker is the one whose machinery is more powerful and the orders issued by the latter should be carried out by the other icebreakers if there is no contrary orders from the Agency of Kara Ice Operations.
- 16. Should the Captain of any convoyed vessel fail to carry out the orders of the Captain of the leading icebreaker, the latter has the right to refuse further assistance to the convoyed vessel until his orders are fulfilled.
- 17. The Captain of the vessel availing himself of the services of the icebreaker for convoying her through the ice, thereby expresses consent to obey the regulations of these instructions which are in accordance with the "Rules for vessels convoyed by icebreakers through the ice", existing in the U.S.S.R.
- 18. When sailing in a group of vessels (caravans) the Captain of a vessel must observe the following rules:
- a) The speed of the vessel is regulated by the "leader" and the distance to be maintained between them is aslo indicated by the "leader".
- b) in fog the vessel must observe particular vigilance and issue fog signals after those coming from the vessel ahead.
- c) The vessel is not to leave the range of audability of the whistle of the vessel ahead.
- d) Then the fog is thick the leading vessel issues pecial instructions concerning the speed to be maintained, when the speed is diminished the leading vessel issues one long and one short whistles upon hearing which all vessels composing the caravan must also reduce their speed, when this signal is repeated the vessels reduce their speed still were, taking the necessary precautions to avoid collisions.
- e) The vessels of the caraten repeat the signal (- .) one after another,

- 19. The Cappein of weight dulling in a paravan or following an important must said research know the co-ordinate; of the
  position of his vessel at any moment. When the vessel is released
  by the icebreaker the disputation is the vessel can check the co-ordinates of his vessel with the so-ordinates of the place of release
  which are indicated by the despreasing.

  20. The Captain of the reasel converged by the icebreaker
  must be aware that neither the despreasing, nor the Owner of the
  icebreaker, nor the Charter's war any responsibility for damage
  or other losses suffered by the conveyed wassel during or as a
  therewith.
- The Captain of the vessel is themsfore under obligation to take all timens respective was convey or vessels along

- 21. The Cuptain of a secretarilise have the Venisei River must send by reduce 45 boars. The providence the place of anchorage of a place received the send of the river a request to send river plates, received the send to the following two addresses to the vilot bearing in the astrony of the Yanisei River and to the 'particular the send send to the Yanisei River by notice addressed that the send send to the send to the Yanisei River ching the river estimate.

  As to the information to lation agarks of the time of arrival at Igarks the Uspiain of the vessel must be guided with our general instructions to the Lebysins of our timechartered vessels in respect the send send and actions and 4 hours notice of the exact time of arrival. The Captain sets and 4 hours distely inform inflet large to the captain of the vessel in the Kara Sea or in the estuary of the River after the above notices to be defined.
- 22. During landing the female is of ther pilots the Captain of the vessel is to many in touch with the pilot vessel and to on the Pilot vessel. on the Pilot vessel
- 23. Upon the article and alots vessel, the Captain of the residence is supply to the Master of the vessel (the draught, special to the vessel obeys steering) and also certify safe pilotics. pilots on board a sea-going that fill in a pilot bill and sea concarning his concarning his concarning the captain that the day and place of dropping
- 24. The Captain of the value a should when necessary and upon request of the river pilot offer the latter free use of the radiostation for communication with the nearest loviet radiostation or pilot vessel.

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- The river pilots convoy teasels only between the points from the estuary of the Yenisei Piver and to the Port Igarka, Within the limits of the port Igarka, proper piloting service is rendered by the port pilot.
- 26. The Captain of a vesse saling along the Yenisei River obeys the orders of the river piret conserning sailing along river

The Captain of the vessel manoeuvres his machinery, while sailing on the river, in such a very as to avoid touching the edge of the channel or any other vessely

27. During sailing along the river when foe or darkness sets in the Captain of the vessel, it se advised by the river pilot, must anchor the vessel in a safe place until better visibility.

# IV. RADIO COMMUNICATION AND RADIO RAVIGATION SERVICE

- 23. The communicating redicatetions in the Kara Bes are Amderma, Diron and Transact
- 29. Vessels sailing in the Herm or Barents Sea east of the meridian 450 of eastern longitude and seablish bilateral radio communication with radio state one of labelina or Dixon, while vessels sailing on the Youisei can establish semannication with Igarka or Dixon.
- 30. All radiograms addressed to the Agency of Kara Ice Operations or to the "Inflot" are transmitted through the above radiostations. Notices to Inflot Imaged to be given through Igarka
  - 31. Information concerning coastel radio stations:

Radio :	Co-ordination of direction-	Calling Working Signals frequent of radio Mary Cycle stations	Deily time for sylobservation of tressels (at fre quency of 500 )	
Amderma	<b>-</b>	YIM. UPM	All der round	
Discon	73 <sup>0</sup> 30,4 N 80 <sup>0</sup> 2 <b>4,</b> 4 E	VILA UPV 524.3	11 11 11	500 Ko
Igarka		JOP-5 UFR-5		500 Ko

Bearings may be taken through the Dixon radio station by entering additional orders to the Agency of Kara Ice Operations not later than 30 minutes before beginning the taking of bearings. An additional charge of 6 france 25 ctm. is imposed for 1 minute

-7 -

of more of the Dixon Radio Station at bearings taking.

Forwardky Nos (1999), Menshikoff, Kharasovol, Tonky (Thin), Relyi (Thine) Island, Island of Vilkitsky and Cape Leskin. Radio beacons the arit signals for bearings without preliminary orders at hescow the appointed for that purpose. The Radio beacons do not answer verseless.

ENFORMATION CONCUENTING THE WORK OF RADIO BLACONG IN THE KARA SEA.

57°36.5 E ZQ

ginning of every hour from 00 to 05 min.transmits consecutively for 10 sec.the calling sig- 4 and for 50sec. a long dash.

All day round:

2001	TORE	
00-02		30-32
80-00		36-38
12-14		42-44
18-20		48-50
24-26		54-56

In clear weather

00-02 50-32
06-08 36-36;
minutes of every hour;
work is automatic.
During every minute consecutively from 00 to 10
and from 30 to 40 seconds the beacon transmits calling sicked

and from 10 to

20 30 and from 40

to 60 seconds a

long dash- The beacon

works in a group with the

radio beacon Kherasovoi.

Tonky 69°51,5 % 61°06,2' %

SA PAS, 7

111 day round:

### In fors

<b>94-06</b>	34-36
10-12	40-42
16-18	46-48
22-24	52-54
<b>28-</b> 30	58-60

## n clear weather

04-06, 10-12	34-36 40-42

minutes of every hour:
work is automatic.During
every minute consecutively
the beacon transmits from
00 to 10 sec. and from 30
to 40 sec. the calling
signal 3y and from

10 to 30 and from 40 to 60 sec. a long dash.

Kharasovoi 71°06,1 n 66°45,0 E

304.6

All day round:

#### To fore

0	12-04	32-34
O	8-10	38-40
	4,16	AA-US
2	0-24	50-52
	6-28	56-58

# In clear weather

02-04 32-34 08-10 .38-40

winutes of every hour;
work is automatic. During IO sec. there is consecutive transmission of
the calling signal

and for 50 sec. a long dash.
The beacon works in a group with the radio beacon Menshikoff.

Belyi	73 <sup>0</sup> 19,9 N	312,5	All day round:
	70°07,7 E	<b>FV</b>	In fogs
	70°09;7 ii		00-02 30-32 06-08 36-38 12-14 42-44 18-20 48-50 24-26 54-56
			In clear weather
			00 <del>-02</del> 30-32 06-08 36-38 .
•		Action of the second se	minutes of every hour.  Nork is automatic.Du- ring every minute there is consecutive trans- mission from 00 to 10 and from 30 to 40.e- conds of the calling signal
			and from IO to 30 and from 40 to 60 seconds a long dash.
Vilkitsky	73°30,9 K	Цо 322.6	All day round:
	75°45,8 E	CF	In fogs
	12 +2,0 B		02-04 32-34 08-I0 38-40 14-16 44-46 20-22 50-52 26-28 56-58
			In clear weather
•			02-04 32-34 08-10 38-40
			minutes of every hour.  Work is automatic.Du- ring every minute there is consecutive trans- mission from 00 to 10 and from 30 to 40 se- conds of the calling
			signal No and from CF  IO to 30 and from 40 to 60 seconds a long dash.
Leskin	72°19,0 H 79°33,5 E	<u>UII</u> 420.0	All day round: from 00 to 05 minutes of every hour it transmits for IO sec. the calling signal III and then CP i for 50sec.

a long dash.

### IMPORTANT WARNINGS:

The coastal radio stations ambured. Igarka or others cannot be used to locate vessels in the Kara Sea, and only the radio beacons indicated above in the last metions can be used for that purpose.

33. Communication with the prior vessel anchored in the estury of the Menissi River is effected only for purposes of service, using the International radiogram Code.

### INFORMATION CONCERNIES THE PIECE VERSEL

Vessel's calling signal	doordina- tes		temps and time work (Moscow is indicated)	of ime
YeITH UYGI	71°47!0 N- 71°41!0 N 83°00! E- 83°30' E	500	2300-0100 0300-0500 0700-0900 1100-1300 1500-1700 1900-2100	

The radiostation of the pilot vessel enswers calls of vessels at a frequency of 500 Kc, exchange is made on scale of international working frequencies.

34. Weather and ice reports are transmitted by radio stations Amderma and Dixon.

# INFORMATION CONCERNING WEATHER FORECASTING AND ICE TRANSMISSIONS

Name of station	Radio	Calling signal	forking frequency Kc	Moscow time of transmissions
Amderna		ALT:	344.8	Daily at 1845-1915
Dixon		UPM VIII.	324 ×	in Russian Daily 1930-2000 in
223.011		UPV		Rissian.

of the Kara Ice Operations through the Dixon radiostation. The Agency of Kara Ice Operations will inform the Captain of the vessel, requesting the aid of envicebreaker, of the name of the icebreaker or the number of the plane which will render aid to the vessel in sailing amidst ice

# INFORMATION CONCERNIC TOWNSHIEARS IN THE KARA SEA

Name break	of ice-	V 1	Calling signal		ency	Time radi		vessels tch	; 
The '	'Kapitan Voronin'		N.		reaker Friend Grief Grief	4 A11	day	round	
The '	'Kapitan lousov"	Be-	UVE		A Track		11	11	· A
The	"Estandele	ov.	Treats				* **	11	,
Wae !						<b>n</b>	*	***	

### GENERAL BELL

36 'All questions conderning sealing by these "Instructions" Are to se taken up the vessel with the Essenty of Albei for Ope gerning operations of the vessels in ports

tedling amidst ice not covered taken up by the Captain of fre Operations; questions conin ports are subject to deci-

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"SOVERACHT"